

Not one distance

Understanding distance in complexivist learning

Jon Dron, June 21, 2023



International Federation of

National Teaching Fellows



Generations of distance pedagogy

Pedagogical families	Patterns	Focus	Teacher role	Example theories and theoretical families
Objectivist	content/skill-oriented fixed targets, directed, individual, objectives- based	teaching	Sage on the stage	learning styles, spaced learning, behaviourism, cognitivism
Subjectivist	learner-oriented situated, diverse paths, social groups, collaboration, guided, outcomes-based	learning	Guide on the side	constructivism, social constructivism, constructionism
Complexivist	knowledge oriented, distributed, diverse learning, cooperation, social networks, embedded, personal, emergent outcomes	knowledge	Fellow traveller, role model	connectivism, communities/ networks of practice, distributed cognition, rhizomatic learning

All matter

Existing concepts of distance

physical distance: in-person <-> not

transactional distance: high structure <-> high dialogue

Community of Inquiry

teaching presence <-> teaching distance cognitive presence <-> cognitive distance social presence <-> social distance emotional presence <-> emotional distance agency presence <-> agency distance temporal distance: synchronous <-> asynchronous



proximal development distance: achievable with help <-> unachievable

All assume objectivist or subjectivist learning in a conventional educational context

Teaching as building technologies in learners' minds

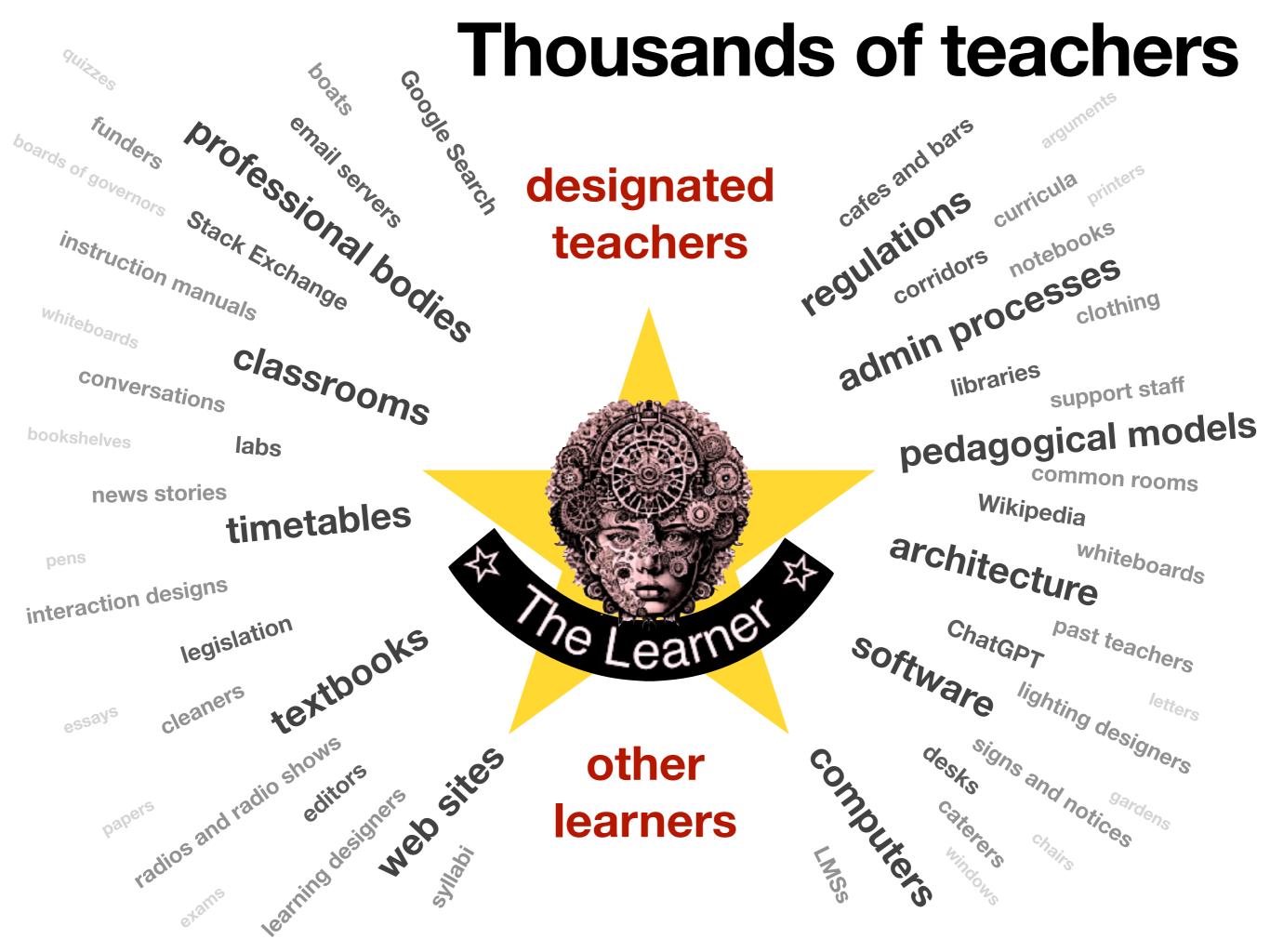
Hard learning

Creating cognitive gadgets in the minds of learners



Soft learning

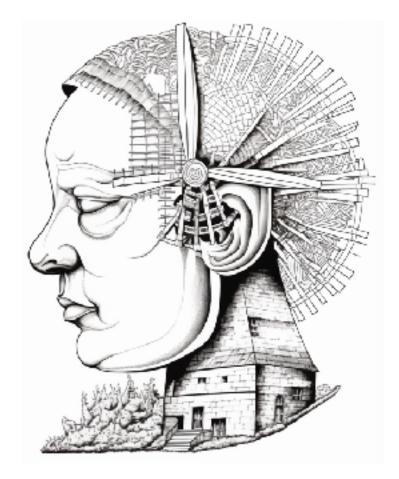
Helping learners learn how to use those cognitive gadgets

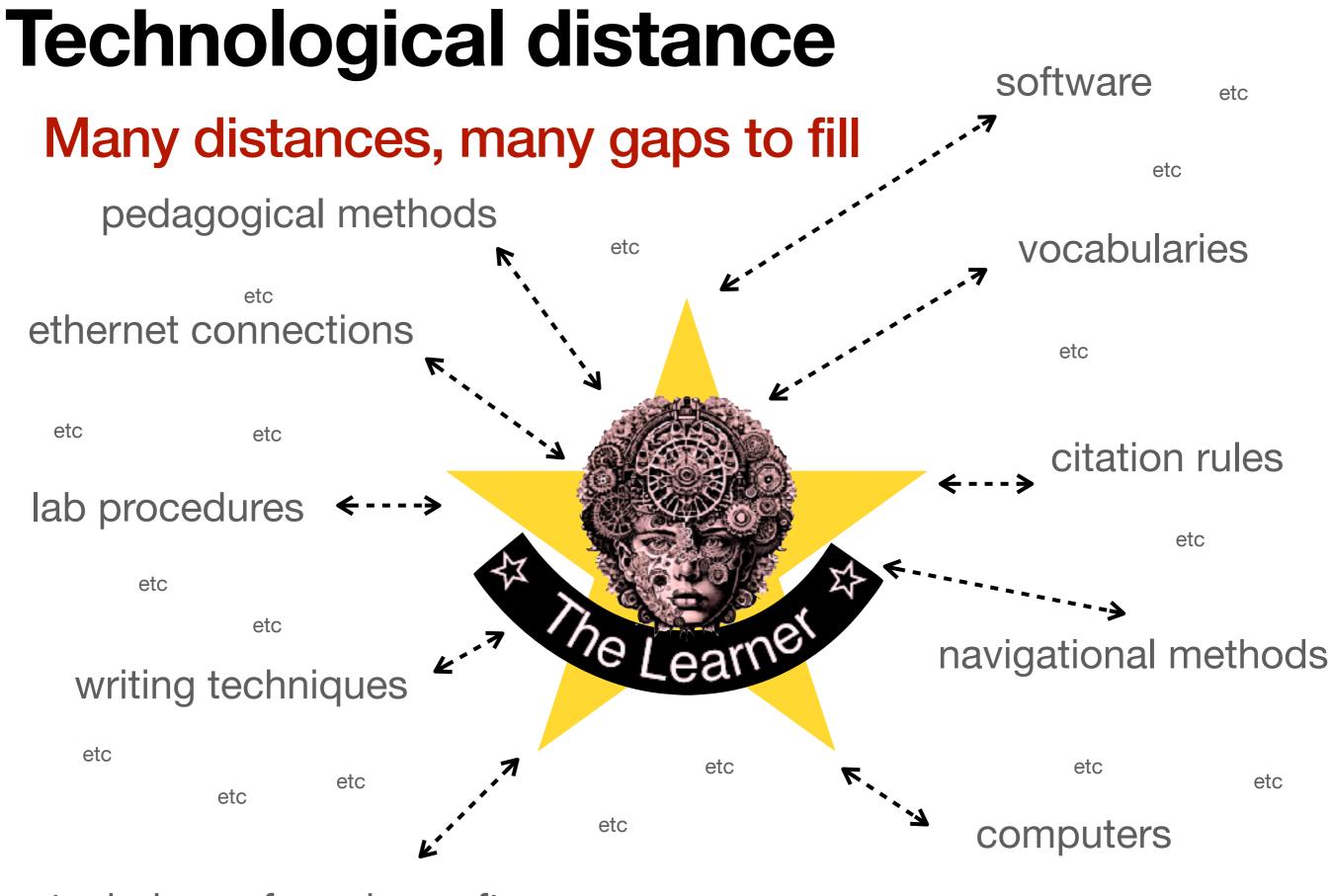


Technological distance

the sum of the gaps between the technologies we possess and those that we need in order to learn. *All* the technologies.

Not just the grist but the mill The physical *and* the cognitive The tools *and* the techniques The process *and* the product The hard *and* the soft Pedagogies *and* the result of them





techniques for using software

different for every learner

Basic principles for complexivist teachers

We cannot be in control: we must let go

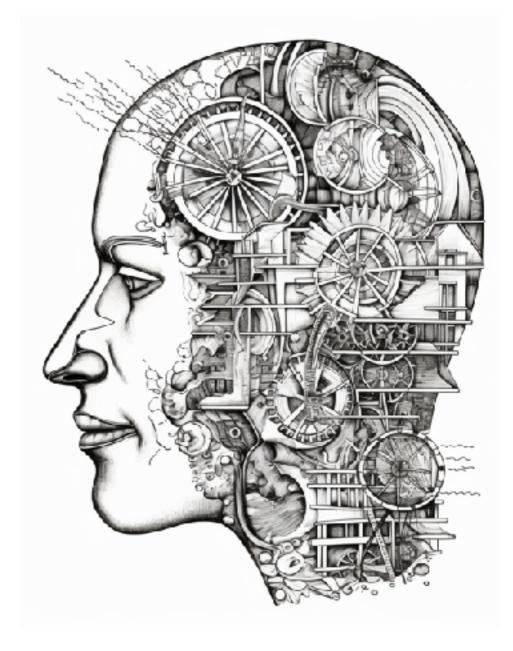
We must understand the cognitive gadgets our students already have.

We must understand how they are assembling new ones.

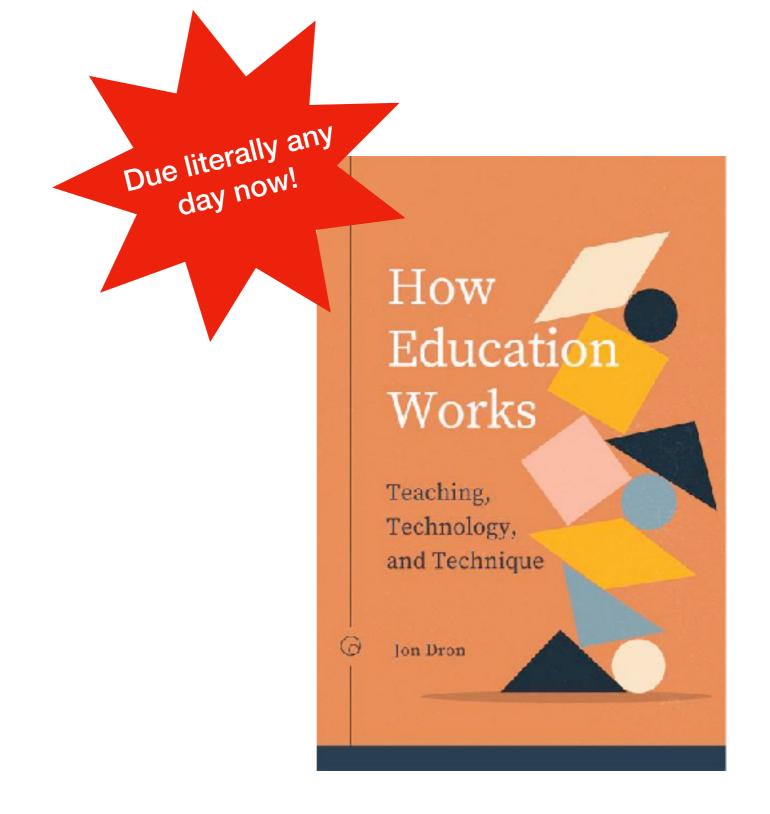
We must understand the whole.

But...

We cannot look inside their heads.



Learning itself, not just its products, must be visible.



https://howeducationworks.ca